# "Back of the envelope" Pension Comparison

# 1. Employee X

- a. Is a 68-year old woman (Exhibit 1)
- b. Served for 22 years on the Providence City Council (Exhibit 1)
- c. Is currently receiving a \$495 per month (or \$5,940 per year) civil service pension from the City for service on the City Council. (Exhibit 1)
- d. She will live to the age of 87 years (Exhibit 2)

# 2. <u>Employee Y</u>

- a. Is a 68-year old woman
- b. Has no prior service for the City of Providence
- c. She will live to the age of 87 years (Exhibit 2)

#### 3. The Position

- a. The employee (X or Y) will receive \$57,000 per year (Exhibit 1)
- b. For simplicity, there will be no pay increases
- c. The employee will begin on July 1, 2015.
- d. The employee will retire on June 30, 2020.

#### 4. The Retirement

- a. Employee X will suspend her civil service pension while employed with the City.
- b. Employees X and Y will take a full pension upon retirement.
- c. Their retirement will last for 14 years until they reach age 87 (Exhibit 2)

# 5. Employee X's pension

- a. Average Salary: \$57,000
- b. Years of Service: 27
- c. Percentage of Salary based on years of service: 64% (Exhibit 3)
- d. Annual pension:  $$57,000 \times 64\% = $36,480$
- e. Monthly pension: \$36,480/12 = \$3,040
- f. Total pension payments:  $$36,480 \times 14 = $510,720$
- g. Suspended pension payments:  $$5,940 \times 19 = $112,860$
- h. Net increase in pension payments: \$510,720 \$112,860 = \$397,860

#### 6. Employee Y's pension

- a. Average Salary: \$57,000
- b. Years of Service: 5
- c. Percentage of Salary based on years of service: 10% (Exhibit 3)
- d. Annual pension:  $$57,000 \times 10\% = $5,700$
- e. Monthly pension: \$7,125/12 = \$475
- f. Total pension payments:  $$5,700 \times 14 = $79,800$

# 7. Gross increase in pension payments (before discounting to present value)

a. \$397,860 - \$79,800 = \$318,060

- 8. Present discounted value (PDV) calculation assumptions
  - a. The discount rate will be 8.25%, which is the expected rate of return of the pension system.
  - b. We will assume there are no cost-of-living adjustments to the pensions for simplicity.
- 9. PDV of net cost of Employee X's pension increase
  - a. PDV of enhanced pension (as of July 1, 2020): \$302,317 (Exhibit 4)
  - b. PDV of enhanced pension (as of July 1, 2015): \$203,387 (Exhibit 5)
  - b. PDV of previous pension: \$56,902 (Exhibit 6)
  - c. Net pension cost (PDV): \$203,387 \$56,902 = \$146,485
- 10. PDV of Employee Y's pension
  - a. PDV of pension (as of July 1, 2020): \$47,237 (Exhibit 7)
  - b. PDV of pension (as of July 1, 2015): \$31,779 (Exhibit 8)
- 11. Net cost (Employee X Employee Y)
  - a. \$146,485 \$31,779 = \$114,706

# **Table of Exhibits**

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- 2. Life expectancy calculator for 68 year old female
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- 5. Present day value calculator: reducing item (4) to present day value at 5 years at 8.25%.
- 6. Mortgage calculator: present day value of 19-year pension of \$495 per month with 8.25% discount rate
- 7. Mortgage calculator: present day value of 14-year pension of \$475 per month with 8.25% discount rate
- 8. Present day value calculator: reducing item (7) to present day value at 5 years at 8.25%.